WFC Single Disclosure Report 2022

AGC answers

Date submitted

24/10/2022 06:32:03

AGC: 0a

Please indicate the full name of the responding institution:

Krajowy Depozyt Papierów Wartościowych S.A.

AGC: 0c Registered address:

ul. Książęca 4 00-498 Warsaw

AGC: 0d

Country of registered address:

Poland

AGC: 1

Rule 17f-7, by reference to Rule 17f-4, requires that, for a CSD to be eligible to hold securities of U.S. registered investment companies (such depositories hereinafter referred to as "Eligible Securities Depositories"), the CSD must be a "system for the central handling of securities where all securities of any particular class or series of any issuer deposited within the system are treated as fungible and may be transferred or pledged by bookkeeping entry without physical delivery of the securities."

Are all securities of a particular class or series of any issuer that are deposited in your institution treated as fungible, and can they be transferred or pledged by bookkeeping entry without physical delivery of the securities?

Yes

....

AGC: 1a Please explain

AGC: 2 Rule 17f-7 also requires that an Eligible Securities CSD "acts as or operates a system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries in the country where it is incorporated," or "acts as or operates a transnational system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries." Does your institution:
Act as or operate a system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries in the country where it is incorporated?
Act as or operate a transnational system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book- entries?
Act in another capacity with respect to the handling of securities or equivalent book-entries?
Not applicable
OTHER:
AGC: 2a. Please explain:
AGC: 2b. Please specify the types of securities for which you act as or operate a system for the central handling of securities or equivalent book-entries:
publicly traded equities: domestic and foreign shares, allotment certificates, investment certificates, rights to shares, subscription rights, option warrants, exchange trade funds (ETFs); debt instruments: T-bonds, international financial institution bonds, central bank bonds, municipal bonds, domestic and foreign corporate bonds, convertible bonds, bonds with priorities rights, mortgage bonds, structured certificates, certificates of deposit; non-public bonds and shares, mortgage bonds and investment certificates.
AGC: 3 What type of legal entity is the institution?
Public Company
Stock Exchange (or part thereof)
Central Bank (or part thereof)
Private Company
OTHER: joint stock company
AGC: 4 Is the institution operated as a "for profit" or a "not for profit" organization?"
O For profit
Not for profit

AGC: 5

Please provide the names of the owners and their ownership interest percentages.

State Treasury 33%, Warsaw Stock Exchange 33%, National Bank of Poland (Central Bank) 33%

AGC: 6a

What is the date of establishment of the CSD?

Please enter the answer in DD/MM/YYYY format.

If you are filling the survey for more than one organization, please enter the name of each organization in different lines and in front of each one the corresponding date.

07/11/1994

AGC: 6b

What is the date that the CSD's operations began?

Please enter the answer in DD/MM/YYYY format.

If you are filling the survey for more than one organization, please enter the name of each organization in different lines and in front of each one the corresponding date.

11/04/1991

AGC: 7

Under what regulation or statute is the CSD established and governed?

Act on Trading in Financial Instruments, Act on Capital Market Supervision, Statute of the KDPW, Code of Commercial Companies, CSDR

AGC: 7a

Is the regulation or statute electronically available?



AGC: 7b

If regulation or statute is electronically available, please supply web address(es) here or upload document(s).

The Act on Capital Market Supervision dated July 29th 2005 and the Act on Trading in Financial Instruments dated July 29th 2005 with further amendments (Polish versions only) are available here: https://isap.sejm.gov.pl/isap.nsf/download.xsp/WDU20220000861/U/D20220861Lj.pdf, Nadzór nad rynkiem kapitałowym. - Dz.U.2022.837 t.j. - OpenLEX .. The Statute of KDPW (English version) is available on the KDPW website: https://www.kdpw.pl/en/rules/Documents/2020/KDPW_STATUT_EN.pdf. The Code of Commercial Companies (Polish version only) is available on the Parliament website: https://isap.sejm.gov.pl/isap.nsf/download.xsp/WDU20000941037/U/D20001037Lj.pdf.

Regulation (EU) No 909/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on improving securities settlement in the European Union and on central securities depositories and amending Directives 98/26/EC and 2014/65/EU and Regulation (EU) No 236/2012 (CSDR) <u>https://eurlex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32014R0909</u>

AGC: 7c

filecount - Please supply document(s) here:

0

AGC: 7d

What are the roles and responsibilities of the CSD's board of directors (or equivalent), and are they clearly specified? Please provide details of the structure and composition of your Board together with their industry experience and responsibilities in governing the CSD. What are the qualifications to become a board member?

Polish legal system (Code of Commercial Companies and Law on the Management of State Property) provides general requirements concerning members of corporate governing bodies. According to the Code, KDPW as a joint-stock company has a dual governance structure (so-called two-tier board system), with a supervisory and a management board. Qualification requirements concerning specific educational background and professional experience in relation to the members of governing bodies of companies belonging to the State Treasury are set out in Art. 22 of the Law on the Management of State Property. They have to hold a master's degree, have at least 5 years work experience, including 3 years on senior position or leading a proprietary business, they may not be employed by any political party or any Member of Parliament nor remain in any conflict of interest with the Company. Any additional qualification requirements to appoint a Supervisory Board member are set by the shareholders, and for Management Board members – by the Supervisory Board. Moreover, at least 2 members of the Supervisory Board have to qualify as independent members. CSDR requires, that the management body is composed of suitable members of sufficiently good repute with an appropriate mix of skills, experience and knowledge of the entity and of the market.

The Supervisory Board may comprise six to nine (currenly 6) members, including a Chairperson and a Vicechairperson. There are 3 Committees within the Supervisory Board: Audit Committee, Risk Committee and Remuneration Committee.

The Supervisory Board of KDPW continuously supervises the activities of the Company and its activities include: review of financial statements and Management Board reports, approval of the KDPW Rules, rules of operation of the Investor Compensation Scheme, rules of the Trade Repository, appointment and dismissal of members of the KDPW Management Board and decision on their remuneration levels, appointment of a certified auditor, approval of long-term and annual corporate business and financial plans presented by the Management Board and consent for the establishment of commercial law companies.

The Management Board of KDPW may comprise two to four (currently 4) members, including a President and Vice Presidents.

The Management Board of KDPW oversees the affairs of the Company, manages its assets and represents the Company externally. In particular, the Management Board of KDPW prepares a draft of the KDPW Rules, the Rules of the Supervisory Board of KDPW, the Rules of the Court of Arbitration, as well as prepares drafts and adopts regulations governing the detailed operations of KDPW.

AGC: 7e

What are the election procedures?

The Supervisory Board represents shareholders. Members are appointed and dismissed by the Shareholders' General Meeting. The Members of the Supervisory Board elect a Chairperson and a Vicechairperson and may elect a Secretary in a secret ballot. The General Meeting is valid and may adopt resolutions if at least half of the shares are represented.

AGC: 7f

What is the maximum length of time a board member can serve?

The term of a board member is set out in the Statute of KDPW. It amounts to three years constituting a joint term of office of the Board members. The rule applies both to the Supervisory Board and the Management Board of KDPW. The mandates of all Board members expire on the day of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders which approves the financial statements for the previous full financial year. Under Polish law there is no limit as to the number of terms of office, however, there is a limitation as to the duration of such a term, which in joint stock companies is up to 5 years.

AGC: 7g

How are the voting powers distributed amongst the board members (i.e. does each board member have one vote or do certain members have additional voting power)?

Each Board member has one vote. The Supervisory board: Resolutions are adopted on the basis of an absolute majority of votes of the members present at the session, with the exception of resolutions concerning the appointment or dismissal of a member of the Management Board, which shall be passed with a ³/₄ majority of the votes cast. The Management board: Resolutions are adopted by ordinary majority of votes. In the case of a tie, the President of the Board has the casting vote.

AGC: 7h

What are the procedures established to review the performance of the board as a whole and the performance of the individual board members? Who is responsible for regulating the board members?

The Supervisory Board of KDPW S.A. supervises the activities of the Company by reviewing financial statements and reports of the KDPW Management Board as well as its recommendations on the division of profits or covering of losses, appointing and dismissing the Members of the Management Board and setting their salary levels and approving multi-annual and annual business and financial plans of the Company presented by the Management Board.

The number of Board members, the duration of the term of office (in accordance with the statutory norm), any additional rights for the President of the Board associated with supervising the work of the Board, as well as the manner of voting, the validity of Board meetings, extension or, as the case may be, limitation of competences of the Board in accordance with the Code of Commercial Companies are set out in the Statute of KDPW, i.e. by shareholders acting as the General Meeting.

AGC: 8

Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository regulated by a foreign financial regulatory authority as defined under section 2(a)(50) of the Act, with section 2(a)(50) establishing that z 'foreign financial regulatory authority' means any (A) foreign securities authority, (B) other governmental body or foreign equivalent of a self-regulatory organization empowered by a foreign government to administer or enforce its laws relating to the regulation of fiduciaries, trusts, commercial lending, insurance, trading in contracts of sale of a commodity for future delivery, or other instruments traded on or subject to the rules of a contract market, board of trade or foreign equivalent, or other financial activities, or (C) membership organization a function of which is to regulate the participation of its members in activities listed above." Who regulates the activities of the CSD?

A membership organization which regulates the participation of its members in securities matters or other financial activities.

A governmental body or regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to securities matters.

A governmental body or self-regulatory organization empowered to administer or enforce laws related to other financial activities.

OTHER:

AGC: 8a. Please explain:

AGC: 9

Please provide the name of regulatory authority(ies) identified in question 8:

The Polish Financial Supervision Authority (PFSA) - regulates KDPW as a CSD European Securities and Markets Authority; (ESMA) – regulates KDPW in its Trade Repository and ARM functions; Regulatory Oversight Committee (ROC) – regulates KDPW LEI service.

AGC: 10

Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository is subject to periodic examination by regulatory authorities or independent accountants. Is the CSD subject to periodic examination by:

Regulatory authorities?

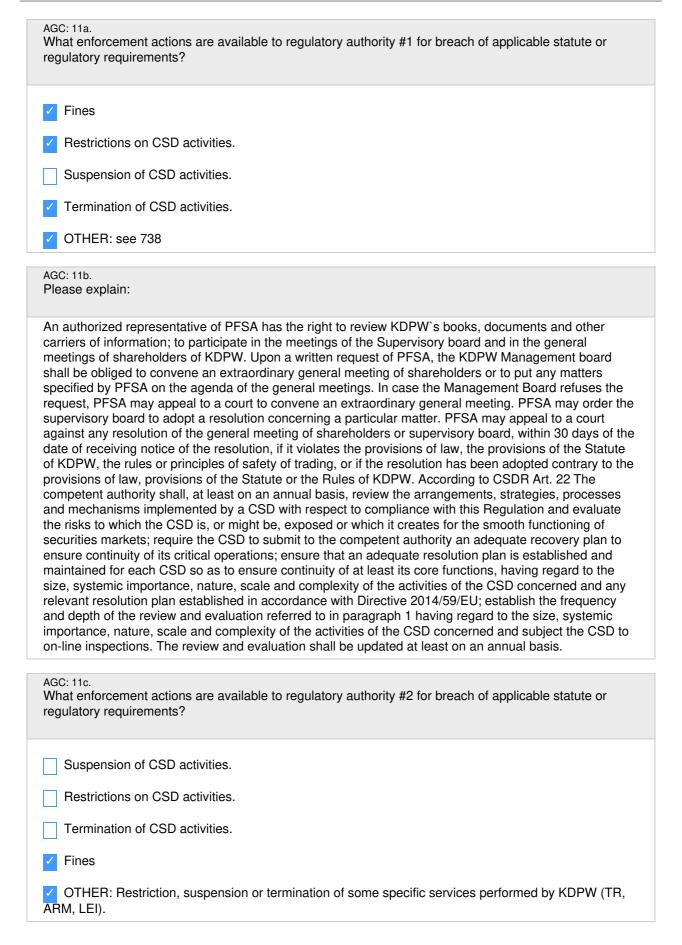
Independent accountants?

OTHER:

AGC: 10a Please explain:

AGC: 11 Name of Authority #1 (please answer 11a):

Polish Financial Supervision Authority (PFSA)



AGC: 11d. Please explain:

In the scope of supervision over KDPW_TR EMIR and KDPW_TR SFTR ESMA has the power to impose the following supervisory measures: require the trade repository to bring the infringement to an end, issue public notices, impose fines or periodic penalty payments upon trade repositories and persons involved in trade repositories and as a last resort, withdraw the registration of the trade repository. Procedural rules for taking supervisory measures and imposing fines on trade repositories are described in article 64-73 of EMIR (Regulation No 648/2012 of 4 July 2012 on OTC Derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories).

In the scope of supervision over KDPW_ARM ESMA has the power to impose the following supervisory measures: adopt a decision requiring the person to bring the infringement to an end, adopt a decision imposing fines or periodic penalty payments, issue public notices and withdraw the authorisation.

Procedural rules for ESMA powers and competences are described in articles 27e and 38a-38o of MiFIR (Regulation No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Regulation No 648/2012).

The LEI ROC's specific possible enforcement actions: - Requiring audits of the system (including appointment of external auditors) for financial controls, business practices, data quality standards or other matters necessary to ensure the public interest. - Approval of policies for the recognition and termination of local registration agencies and LOUs.

AGC: 12 Has there been any use of such enforcement actions in the last three years? No Yes OTHER: AGC: 12a. If yes, please explain:	
Yes OTHER: AGC: 12a.	
Yes OTHER: AGC: 12a.	
AGC: 12a.	✓ No
AGC: 12a.	
AGC: 12a.	Yes
AGC: 12a.	
AGC: 12a.	
AGC: 12a.	OTHER:

AGC: 13 Capital. Are annual financial statements publicly disclosed?
 Yes No
AGC: 13a. If yes, the AGC requests a copy of the institution's annual report. Is the annual report available electronically?
 Yes No

AGC: 13b. filecount - If yes, please upload the document(s) here or insert web link(s) in question 13d:

0

AGC: 13c.

filecount - If more than one document for 13b, please upload the additional document here:

0

AGC: 13d. Please insert web link(s) for 13b here:

http://www.kdpw.pl/en/kdpw/publications/Documents/Raporty/raport2021_e.pdf

AGC: 13e.

If no, and annual report and/or financial statements are not disclosed, please state your share capital, reserves, and retained earnings (or equivalents as determined under local accounting standards). Share Capital (then please answer 13f):

AGC: 13f.

Reserves (then please answer 13g):

AGC: 13g. Retained Earnings:

AGC: 14 Internal Audit. Is an internal audit undertaken in your CSD?

Yes

🔵 No

AGC: 14a.

If yes, what areas does the audit cover (financials, operations, etc.) and which department in your CSD handles it?

The audit covers operations, compliance and partly financial areas. It is handled by the Internal Audit Department.

AGC: 14b.

Please list the date of your last internal audit and the period that the audit covered:

End date: 30/06/2022 Start date: 01/05/2022 Audit date: 16/09/2022

AGC: 14c. How frequently does the internal audit occur?
Two or more times a year
O Annually
O Less than annually
AGC: 14d. If less than annually, please explain:
AGC: 14e. Are the results of the internal audit publicly available?
○ Yes
No
AGC: 14f. Please select the statement that most accurately characterizes the results of the last internal audit:
No material exceptions found.
O Minor exceptions found.
O Material exceptions found.
AGC: 14g. If minor or material exceptions were found, what actions were taken? Please describe:
AGC: 15 Is a financial audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party?
Yes
O No
AGC: 15a. If yes, please state the name(s) of the entity(ies) who perform the financial audit.
BDO spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością sp.k. (2021). Tax audits are performed by ISP Modzelewski i Wspólnicy sp. z o.o.

AGC: 15b.

Please list the date of your last financial audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party:

25/02/2022

AGC: 15c. Please list the period that the audit covered:

Start date: 01/01/2021 End date: 31/12/2021

AGC: 15d. How frequently does the financial audit occur?

Two or more times a year

Annually

(

(

Less than annually

AGC: 15e. If less than annually, please explain:

AGC: 15f Are the results of the financial audit publicly available? Yes No AGC: 15g. Please select the statement that most accurately characterizes the results of the last financial audit:

No material exceptions found.

Minor exceptions found.

Material exceptions found.

AGC: 15h.

(

(

If minor or material exceptions were found, what actions were taken? Please describe:

AGC: 16 Is an operational audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party?
Yes
O No
AGC: 16a. If yes, please state the name(s) of the entity(ies) who perform the operational audit.
Operational audit is performed by the Polish Financial Supervision Authority. Processes related to the IT systems operations (change and access management, handling of incidents) are currently included in the annual audit performed by the financial auditor.
AGC: 16b. Please list the date of your last operational audit performed by an Audit Firm, Regulatory Authority, or other external party:
30/06/2022
AGC: 16c. Please list the period that the audit covered:
Start date: 02/05/2021 End date: 01/05/2022
AGC: 16d. How frequently does the operational audit occur?
O Two or more times a year
Annually
O Less than annually
AGC: 16e. If less than annually, please explain:
AGC: 16f Are the results of the operational audit publicly available?
O Yes
No

AGC: 16g.

Please select the statement that most accurately characterizes the results of the last operational audit:

No material exceptions found.

Minor exceptions found.

Material exceptions found.

AGC: 16h.

If minor or material exceptions were found, what actions were taken? Please describe:

AGC: 17, 17q

PARTICIPANTS AND PARTICIPATION. The purpose of this section is to understand issues relating to participation in the CSD, including eligibility requirements, conditions of participation, and supervision of participants. What types of entities are eligible to become participants and how many of each type are there currently?

Foreign Institutions

Brokers

Individuals

Not applicable

Banks

OTHER: Depositors (financial institutions), Clearing houses (KDPW_CCP), Central securities depositories (KELER, Clearstream Banking Luxembourg), Ministry of Finance; Bank Guarantee Fund, Central Bank (National Bank of Poland)

AG	C:	17	7a

How many Bank participants are there currently? (then please answer 17b)

12

А

GC: 17b, 17d	
llagaa aalaat tha faaturaa ingludad in	

Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Banks.

Regulatory Oversight

Market Experience

Financial Thresholds

OTHER: see 597

AGC: 17c.

Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Bank participants be found?

Act on Trading in Financial Instruments, KDPW Rules

AGC: 17d. Please explain:
Material and technical requirements
AGC: 17e. How many Broker participants are there currently? (then please answer 17f)
30
AGC: 17f, 17h Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Brokers.
Financial Thresholds
Market Experience
Regulatory Oversight
OTHER: Material and technical requirements
AGC: 17g. Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Broker participants be found?
Act on Trading in Financial Instruments, KDPW Rules
AGC: 17i. How many Individual participants are there currently? (then please answer 17j)
AGC: 17j. Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Individual participants.
Market Experience
Regulatory Oversight
Financial Thresholds
OTHER:
AGC: 17k. Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Individual participants be found?

AGC: 17m. How many Foreign Institution participants are there currently?

3

World Forum of CSDs AGC answers AGC: 17n, 17p. Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for Foreign Institution participants. **Financial Thresholds Regulatory Oversight** Market Experience OTHER: Material and technical requirements AGC: 17o. Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for Foreign Institution participants be found? Act on Trading in Financial Instruments, KDPW Rules AGC: 17g. If you have selected "Other entities" above, please explain: Brokerage offices and banks, as well as other entities: clearing houses (KDPW CCP), central securities depositories; Bank Guarantee Fund, Central Bank (National Bank of Poland) may participate in the KDPW system as depositors - participants who entrust KDPW with the management of securities accounts for their own securities. AGC: 17r. Indicate how many "Other entities" are currently participants? 36 AGC: 17s, 17u Please select the features included in the eligibility requirements for the participants referred to above as "Other entities". **Financial Thresholds** Regulatory Oversight Market Experience OTHER: Material and technical requirements. AGC: 17t. Where can a description of the specific eligibility requirements for participants described above as "Other entities" be found? **KDPW Rules**

AGC: 18 Are participants required to contribute capital to the CSD that would result in ownership of the CSD?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 18a. If yes, what fixed amount is required or what formula is used to determine the appropriate contribution level?
AGC: 19 Are prospective participants subject to an initial review and approval process regarding compliance with eligibility requirements?
Ves
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 20 What governs the relationship between the CSD and the participants?
Rules of the CSD
Relevant law and regulation
Not applicable
By-laws of the CSD
Standard participation contract
Established terms and conditions of participation
OTHER:
AGC: 20a Please explain:

AGC: 21 Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository holds assets for the custodian that participates in the system on behalf of the Fund under safekeeping conditions no less favorable that the conditions that apply to other participants. Please confirm that assets of foreign investors held by custodians as participants in the CSD are held under safekeeping conditions no less favorable than the conditions that apply to other participants.
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 21a. If no, other or not applicable, please explain:
AGC: 21b, 21c. Please confirm the basis for the arrangements you have in place to ensure that the assets you hold for custodians receive the same level of safekeeping protection as the assets held for other categories of participants.
Standard participation contract
Rules of the CSD
Relevant Law and Regulation
✓ By-laws of the CSD
Established terms and conditions of participation
OTHER:

AGC: 21d

For each item in Question 21b that you checked, please briefly supply references or citations to the law(s), regulation(s), or CSD rule(s), participation condition(s), or participant contract provision (s), as applicable.

Relevant Law and Regulation: There are equal conditions for holding foreign investor assets by custodians in the depository system. The Act of 29th July 2005 on Trading in Financial Instruments defines the system for registration of dematerialised securities comprising securities accounts, depository accounts and omnibus accounts kept by entities authorised to do so under this Act and maintained by KDPW (article 3, point 21). KDPW is in charge of registering securities on: 1) depository accounts; 2) securities accounts; 3) omnibus accounts. Balances on accounts managed by participants should correspond with the balances on the relevant depository accounts manager by KDPW (article 57). Omnibus accounts are dedicated only for foreign entities (article 8a). However, depository and omnibus accounts operate on the same principles, i.e. they are co-mingling securities belonging to clients of KDPW participants. In this way, the assets of foreign investors are not differentiated from those of other types of investors, but treated equally. Established terms and conditions of participation: Participants managing securities accounts and omnibus accounts in their systems are obliged to conform to the rules of managing the securities register (article 20, 24, 33, 33a of the KDPW Rules). The rules are similar for custodians and other participants who hold foreign or domestic investor assets. Rules of the depository: The accounting scheme for recording and transfer of securities is determined by the KDPW rules (article 34-36 of the KDPW Rules) and there is no discriminatory treatment of foreign investor assets. The registration is carried out as expressions of quantity, according to the following principles: double-entry bookkeeping, separate registration of securities, classification by types of participant status (separation of the clients' assets from participants' securities), simultaneous registration (registration on accounts managed by a participant should reflect the balances on accounts managed in KDPW), completeness, integrity and transparency. The best accounting practices are applied and end-to-end audit trails are kept.

AGC: 22

How does the CSD notify participants of material changes to the conditions of participation?

- Not applicable
- By e-mail
- By telephone
- By public announcement
- By press release
- OTHER: see 615

AGC: 22a. Please explain:

Electronic information system: ESDI/WEB (Electronic System for Distribution of Information)

AGC: 23 Who enforces compliance with the CSD's conditions of participation?
The exchange
Not applicable
The CSD's regulator
The CSD
OTHER:
AGC: 23a Please explain:
AGC: 24 What enforcement actions are available to the enforcement authority?
Termination of participation
Fines
Not applicable
Restrictions on participation
 Suspension of participation
OTHER: see 632
AGC: 24a Please explain:
The CSD may caution a participant.
AGC: 25 Has there been any such enforcement actions in the last three years?
Yes
O No
AGC: 25a. If yes, please explain, including information relative to any suspensions of CSD participants:
Due to the prolonged persistence of irregularities on its securities accounts, one participant was given a reminder. In the following year a deadline was set for the same participant to remove the condition resulting from the violation of the rules of participation, otherwise a penalty fee would be imposed on this participant.

AGC: 26

CSD FUNCTIONALITY AND SERVICES, USE OF AGENTS. Certain functionalities and services reduce risk to an investor if provided in an efficient manner. The purpose of this section is to identify those functionalities that may potentially be offered by depositories and clearing systems around the world, and ascertain whether they are offered by your institution. For which of the following security types do you serve as a CSD or clearing system?

- Corporate money market
- Not applicable
- Corporate bonds
- Equities
- Government securities
- OTHER: see p. 272

AGC: 26a.

Please name the other security types:

Debt financial instruments: mortgage bonds, municipal bonds, convertible bonds, central bank bonds, financial institution bonds, non-public bonds, mortgage bonds and investment certificates, bonds with priorities rights, structured certificates. Equity financial instruments: preferred shares, investment certificates, exchange-traded funds (ETFs). Other securities: allotment certificates, subscription rights, option warrants, subscription warrants.

AGC: 27a. (i)

Please list the instrument types for which it is not compulsory by law to: (i)settle in your CSD

The use of a depository in the Polish market is compulsory for settlement of transactions concluded on regulated and alternative markets. The instrument types for which it is not compulsory by law to settle are: non-publicly traded shares, non-publicly traded debt instruments issued before 1 July 2019, Treasury bonds (for trades outside the regulated market between clients of the same KDPW participant) and Treasury bills. T-Bills are settled in the Securities Register (operated by the National Bank of Poland).

AGC: 27a. (ii) (ii) safekeep in your CSD:

Non-publicly traded shares and non-publicly traded debt instruments issued before 1 July 2019 may be safekept in registers outside KDPW. T-Bills are safekept in the Securities Register operated by the National Bank of Poland.

AGC: 27b. (i)

Please list the instrument types for which it is not compulsory by market practice to: (i)settle in your CSD

Non-publicly traded shares, non-publicly traded debt instruments issued before 1 July 2019, Treasury bills; T-Bills are by law settled with the Securities Register (operated by the National Bank of Poland).

AGC: 27b. (ii) (ii) safekeep in your CSD:

Non-publicly traded shares and non-publicly traded debt instruments issued before 1 July 2019 may be safekept in registers outside KDPW. T-Bills are by law safekept in the Securities Register operated by the National Bank of Poland.

AGC: 27, 27c Is the use of the CSD in your market compulsory by law or compulsory by market practice for the settlement or safekeeping of all instrument types in your market (e.g. equities, government securities, corporate bonds, money market instruments, warrants, derivatives etc).
Yes by market practice for safekeeping, but not for all instrument types
Neither
Yes by law for safekeeping, but not for all instrument type
Yes by market practice for settlement, but not for all instrument types
Yes by law for settlement, but not for all instrument types
Yes by market practice for safekeeping of all instrument types
Yes by market practice for settlement of all instrument types
Yes by law for settlement of all instrument types
Yes by law for safekeeping of all instrument types
OTHER:
AGC: 28 28a Settlement and Safekeeping Percentages 28a Please list by instrument type the percentage of the total market in your jurisdiction (either volume or value) settled within your institution, exclusive of your links with third parties.
100 % - for securities which are obligatorily registered in KDPW.
AGC: 28b.
Please list by instrument type the percentage of the total market in your jurisdiction (either volume or value) held in safekeeping within your institution.
100 % - for securities which are obligatorily registered in KDPW.
AGC: 29. 29i
Acc. 29, 291 Are there any activities performed by a third party on behalf of the CSD for the CSD participants (e.g., vaulting of physical securities, registration, entitlement processing, etc.)?
Yes
✓ No
Not applicable
OTHER:
AGC: 29a.

AGC: 29b. If third parties are employed, does the CSD assume liability for losses incurred by participants as a result of the actions/inactions of the third parties?
 Yes No
AGC: 29c, 29e.
If you acknowledge responsibility, please indicate whether your responsibility is assumed
if the loss was caused by the willful default or other willful conduct on the part of the agent
if such loss was caused by the agent's action or inaction and such action or inaction was deemed to be gross negligence on the part of the agent
if such loss was caused by the agent's action or inaction and such action or inaction was deemed to be negligence on the part of the agent
regardless of whether such loss was caused by any action or inaction of the agent
OTHER:
AGC: 29f. Please specify limit:
AGC: 29g. Please specify limit:
AGC: 29d, 29h. If you acknowledge responsibility for agents, your responsibility is assumed for losses
without limit
which are not consequential losses
subject to a monetary limit not based on insurance limits
subject to a monetary limit based on insurance limits
OTHER:

AGC: 30, 30m
Has any participant suffered any losses in the past three years due to the CSD's performance?
⊖ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 30a, 30j If yes, please select all of the following in which loss has occurred. You will be prompted to enter the number of instances and total loss in USD thereafter.
System Outage
Corporate Action
Settlement Process - Securities
Settlement Process - Cash
OTHER:
AGC: 30b. Corporate Action. Please specify number of instances:
AGC: 30c. Corporate Action. Please specify total loss in USD:
AGC: 30d. Settlement Process - Securities. Please specify number of instances:
AGC: 30e. Settlement Process - Securities. Please specify total loss in USD:
AGC: 30f. Settlement Process - Cash. Please specify number of instances:
AGC: 30g. Settlement Process - Cash. Please specify total loss in USD:
AGC: 30h. System Outage. Please specify number of instances:

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AGC: 30i.

System Outage. Please specify total loss in USD:

AGC: 30k.

For Other, please specify number of instances:

AGC: 30I.

For Other, please specify total loss in USD:

AGC: 31 Who accepts cash deposits (or makes payment credit accommodations) for CSD transactions?
Not applicable
Banks appointed by CSD
Central Bank
Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
CSD
OTHER: For EUR - banks appointed by KDPW participants.
AGC: 31a Please indicate the name of the banks appointed by the CSD
Banks which are KDPW participants: CREDIT AGRICOLE BANK POLSKA, DNB BANK POLSKA S.A., TOYOTA BANK POLSKA SA, PKO BP S.A., ALIOR BANK SA, BANK BGŻ BNP Paribas S.A., mBANK HIPOTECZNY S.A., HAITONG, PEKAO BANK HIPOTECZNY S.A., BANK SPÓŁDZIELCZY W BRODNICY, BANK MILLENNIUM S.A., BANK HANDLOWY W WARSZAWIE S.A., BANK GOSPODARSTWA KRAJOWEGO, ING BANK ŚLĄSKI S.A., VELOBANK S.A., BANK POLSKIEJ SPÓŁDZIELCZOŚCI S.A., BANK OCHRONY ŚRODOWISKA S.A., BNP PARIBAS BANK POLSKA S.A., SGB -BANK S.A., SOCIETE GENERALE S.A. ODDZIAŁ W POLSCE, BANK PEKAO S.A., DEUTSCHE BANK POLSKA S.A., NEST BANK, m BANK SA, BANK POCZTOWY S.A., PLUS BANK S.A., SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK S.A., SANTANDER BANK POLSKA S.A., HSBC BANK POLSKA S.A., KRAJOWA SPÓŁDZIELCZA KASA OSZCZĘDNOŚCIOWO-KREDYTOWA
AGC: 32 Who processes cash clearing (or draws on credit lines, if applicable) for CSD transactions?
Central Bank
Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
Not applicable
CSD
Banks appointed by the CSD
OTHER:

AGC: 32a Please name banks appointed by the CSD

AGC: 33a

Please name banks appointed by the CSD

Banks which are KDPW participants: CREDIT AGRICOLE BANK POLSKA, DNB BANK POLSKA S.A., TOYOTA BANK POLSKA SA, PKO BP S.A., ALIOR BANK SA, BANK BGZ BNP Paribas S.A., mBANK HIPOTECZNY S.A., HAITONG, PEKAO BANK HIPOTECZNY S.A., BANK SPÓŁDZIELCZY W BRODNICY, BANK MILLENNIUM S.A., BANK HANDLOWY W WARSZAWIE S.A., BANK GOSPODARSTWA KRAJOWEGO, ING BANK ŚLĄSKI S.A., VELOBANK S.A., BANK POLSKIEJ SPÓŁDZIELCZOŚCI S.A., BANK OCHRONY ŚRODOWISKA S.A., BNP PARIBAS BANK POLSKA S.A., SGB -BANK S.A., SOCIETE GENERALE S.A. ODDZIAŁ W POLSCE, BANK PEKAO S.A., DEUTSCHE BANK POLSKA S.A., NEST BANK, m BANK SA, BANK POCZTOWY S.A., PLUS BANK S.A., SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK S.A., SANTANDER BANK POLSKA S.A., HSBC BANK POLSKA S.A., KRAJOWA SPÓŁDZIELCZA KASA OSZCZĘDNOŚCIOWO-KREDYTOWA

AGC: 33, 33b

Who controls the movement of cash for cash deposits (or draws on credit lines, if applicable)?

Not applicable

Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)

Banks appointed by CSD

- Central Bank
- CSD

OTHER:

AGC: 34

Who controls the movement of cash for cash clearing (or for draws on credit lines, if applicable)?

CSD
Central Bank
Banks appointed by CSD
Neither or others (e.g. credit lines used)
Not applicable
OTHER:

AGC: 34a

Please name banks appointed by CSD

Banks which are KDPW participants: CREDIT AGRICOLE BANK POLSKA, DNB BANK POLSKA S.A., TOYOTA BANK POLSKA SA, PKO BP S.A., ALIOR BANK SA, BANK BGZ BNP Paribas S.A., mBANK HIPOTECZNY S.A., HAITONG, PEKAO BANK HIPOTECZNY S.A., BANK SPÓŁDZIELCZY W BRODNICY, BANK MILLENNIUM S.A., BANK HANDLOWY W WARSZAWIE S.A., BANK GOSPODARSTWA KRAJOWEGO, ING BANK ŚLĄSKI S.A., VELOBANK S.A., BANK POLSKIEJ SPÓŁDZIELCZOŚCI S.A., BANK OCHRONY ŚRODOWISKA S.A., BNP PARIBAS BANK POLSKA S.A., SGB -BANK S.A., SOCIETE GENERALE S.A. ODDZIAŁ W POLSCE, BANK PEKAO S.A., DEUTSCHE BANK POLSKA S.A., NEST BANK, m BANK SA, BANK POCZTOWY S.A., PLUS BANK S.A., SANTANDER CONSUMER BANK S.A., SANTANDER BANK POLSKA S.A., HSBC BANK POLSKA S.A., KRAJOWA SPÓŁDZIELCZA KASA OSZCZĘDNOŚCIOWO-KREDYTOWA AGC: 35 Please indicate services you provide. Information on distribution of new issues (IPO, Privatization). Same day turnaround settlements. Own list or: AGC: Information in advance on corporate (annual or special) meetings in order that owners can vote. Not applicable Tax assistance where foreign holders may be entitled to tax relief at source or through a claim. In order to avoid fails, an automatic securities lending facility - if requested - is provided for. Collateral handling in support of activities including securities lending, overdraft coverage, cash management.repurchase agreements, etc. OTHER: Statutory services: (1) settlement of transactions conducted on the regulated and nonregulated markets; (2) automated pre-matching service for OTC settlement instructions; (3) hold-release mechanism which allows management of instructions sent for settlement; (4) Corporate Action processing: organising and co-ordinating the performance of issuers' obligations for securities owners, supporting information on both optional and mandatory events, providing an auto-compensation service for losing cash benefits from securities for non-defaulting party with a cum dividend entitlement benefit. acting as an intermediary in processing GMs (providing a list of shareholders authorised to attend the GM with an interface (web application) for issuer to pass on information related to the GMs, providing e-Voting service); Other services: (5) partial settlement functionality (obligatory for guaranteed trades, voluntary for OTC transations): allows to optimise the volume of settled transactions outside of the organised markets, part of each DVP batch settlement, (6) negotiated securities lending & borrowing service organized in cooperation with KDPW CCP: voluntary service, intermediation in SLB agreements conclusion, fixed- or open-term securities loans available, settlement of loan for both opening and closing (return/recall) phase on a DvP basis with CCP guarantees for the closing phase, initial cash collateral transfer to the lender, daily mark-to-market of the initial cash collateral, managing loan throughout the loan's lifecycle, including returns, recalls, remuneration for the lent securities as well as provided cash collateral, market claims compensation in case of CAs on lent securities, (7) tri-party repo agent service: voluntary service, accepting repo instructions, selecting collateral for repo transactions, updating collateral, i.e., calculating and initiating collateral transf ers, reporting collateral requirements to repo counterparties, processing the closing of repo transactions at the set date taking into account the repo rate, processing corporate actions for securities posted as collateral: modifications to the collateral register, processing compensation in respect of cash payments attached to securities posted as collateral. (8) trade repository service for reporting derivatives trades under the provisions of EMIR and securities financing transactions under the provisions of SFTR, (9) numbering agency service (ISIN, CFI, FISN and LEI), (10) asset management, (11) Authorised Reporting Mechanism (ARM) services ; Complementary services: (12) organising and managing the Pension Guarantee Fund, (13) processing of transfer payments between open-ended pension funds, (14) managing the mandatory Investor Compensation Scheme in order to pool resources for the payment of compensation to investors who have lost their assets (cash and financial instruments) following the insolvency of their securities account provider, (15) collection of data and making publicly available information on outstanding non-redeemed bonds, mortgage bonds and investment certificates issued by each issuer domiciled in the Republic of Poland.

AGC: 35a

Automatic securities lending facility is provided for:

Other financial institutions

Banks

Brokers

✓ OTHER: The service is provided for banks and brokers who are direct participants of KDPW, acting on their own account or on the account of another person, however, the securities borrower may only be a direct participant with the status of clearing member in the transaction clearing system operated by KDPW_CCP or with the status of a representative (settlement agent) for KDPW_CCP clearing members.

AGC: 35c

Summary narrative for PFMI Principle 5. Please provide a summary narrative disclosure with sufficient detail and context, as well as any other appropriate supplementary information, to enable readers to understand the CSD's approach to or method for observing the principle. Please use the following questions as guidance for the points of focus and level of detail it is expected to convey in the disclosure. Cross references to publicly available documents should be included, where relevant, to supplement the discussion.)

KDPW holds collateral for automatic securities loans (cash, Treasury bonds traded on the regulated market in the territory of the Republic of Poland, shares included in the WIG20 index) in co-ordination with KDPW_CCP. For tri-party repo transactions, KDPW keeps a register of collateral transferred between the parties (Treasury bonds traded on the regulated market in the territory of the Republic of Poland and cash – the last to be allowed only for marking to market the value of repo transactions).

AGC: 35c

If collateral handling, please provide details

KDPW holds collateral for: - automatic securities loans (cash, Treasury bonds traded on the regulated market in Poland, shares participating in the WIG20 index) in co-ordination with KDPW_CCP. - tri-party repo transactions (Treasury bonds traded on the regulated market in Poland and cash – last to be allowed only for marking to market the value of the repo transaction), - KDPW_CCP holds on depository accounts in KDPW the collateral for initial margins and clearing funds of its participants resulting from trades executed on regulated and alternative markets, - a negotiated securities lending & borrowing service for which initial margin and guarantee fund are kept for KDPW_CCP, - participants keep collateral to pledge intra-day technical credit granted by the National Central Bank, - securities are also blocked on depository accounts under pledge: (1) for the collateralisation of refundable financial aid granted by the Bank Guarantee Fund, (2) for the collateralisation of refundable financial aid by the National Bank of Poland; (3) in favour of the Council of Europe Development Bank, European Investment Bank.

AGC: 35d Other, please explain:

AGC: 36 What procedures are in place for the processing of corporate action entitlements?
Credited to the securities account on the day indicated below regardless of whether actually collected by the CSD on the scheduled date.
Not applicable
Corporate action entitlements are handled by an entity separate from the CSD.
Credited to the securities account upon actual receipt by the CSD.
OTHER:
AGC: 36a Credited to the securities account:
On pay date +1.
On pay date.
On pay date +2.
OTHER:
AGC: 36c Name of entity:
AGC: 37a Credited to the cash account:
On pay date +1.
On pay date.
On pay date +2.
OTHER:
AGC: 37c Name of entity:

AGC: 37, 37d. What procedures are in place for the processing of interest and dividends?
Income and dividend collection is handled by an entity separate from the CSD.
Not applicable
Credited to the cash account on the day indicated below regardless of whether actually collected by the CSD on the scheduled date.
Credited to the cash account upon actual receipt by the CSD.
OTHER:
AGC: 38 Please list all depositories or settlement systems to which you have an electronic link.
OeKB (Austria), KELER (Hungary), Clearstream Banking Luxembourg, Euroclear Bank, Nasdaq CSD (Estonia, Lithuania), KDD (Slovenia), CDAD (Bulgaria), National Bank of Poland
AGC: 39 Are procedures and controls (firewalls) in place to avoid systemic collapse or contamination if one of the linked entities should experience business interruptions for whatever reason?
No
Yes
Vot applicable
AGC: 39a Please explain
The links are provided via the SWIFT messaging system and there is no direct linkage between KDPW and the other entity's systems. The SWIFT infrastructure used by KDPW is secured in accordance with SWIFT recommendations.

Has a business interruption recovery plan been developed in the event the linkages should become inoperable for any reason?
O Yes
O No
O Not applicable
Other
Recovery plan does not refer directly to operational links, but some of its provisions may have a material impact on the operation of links, both inbound and outbound, as they may relate potentially to foreign CSDs as KDPW participants or counterparties. Stress test scenarios include insolvency of a key participant or counterparty (or a group of such entities), which may result in disruption in payment of their liabilities, both – related to their participation in the settlement system and other liabilities, which would cause the increase of the sum of unpaid liabilities to the level significant for the stability of the financial system. The plan lists operational incidents located outside KDPW (in particular – critical breakdowns or accidents) as events which may have a negative impact on activities of KDPW participants and their clients (incl. due to operational links). The plan enumerates also the consequences of material financial sanctions, which may be imposed on KDPW, including due to the infringement of the CSDR regulations, i.a. related to the operation of links.
AGC: 40a. If no or other, please explain
AGC: 41 Are participants permitted to maintain more than one account at the CSD?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 41a, 41c If yes, please indicate number:
An unlimited number of accounts
More than one account
OTHER:
AGC: 41b If more than one account what is the maximum?

AGC: 42 Are participants required/permitted to segregate assets held for their own benefit from those they hold for their clients?
Yes
No
Not applicable
OTHER:
AGC: 42a If yes, is segregation required or simply permitted?
Required
O Permitted
AGC: 42b, 42c How does segregation occur?
By sub-accounts within a single participant account.
By separately designated participant accounts.
By separately designated beneficial owner accounts.
OTHER:
AGC: 43, 43b Does the CSD permit its participants to open accounts in the participant's own nominee name(s)?
○ Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: Polish Securities Law allows for opening omnibus accounts, operated by KDPW participants
or by KDPW, for their foreign clients. They are opened in the name of the partcipant's clients, not in the participant's own nominee name.

AGC: 43a If yes, do laws exist, which define as well as protect the rights of beneficial owners with respect to securities registered in nominee name?
 Yes No
AGC: 44a In the event a participant's single or main account is blocked for any reason (e.g., insolvency, penalties, violations, liens), would securities held in any account or accounts on behalf of the participant's clients be accessible: By the participant's clients?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 44b If yes, please describe briefly how clients of participants would access their securities and whether there would be any delay in their ability to do so:
Any securities charges (i.e.: liens) made on accounts managed by KDPW may only affect those accounts where the participant's own securities are registered. As a result of this a charge cannot limit access by a client of that participant to securities registered on the securities account managed by that participant. In the same way, the insolvency of a participant does not in itself lead to restriction of access by a client, since the client's securities do not make up the property of the participant, nor do they form that participant's assets. Only where the participation status of a given participant is suspended can their clients have difficulties in accessing securities they own which are registered on the client's securities accounts managed by that participant, since during the suspension period, all accounts managed for that participant in KDPW are suspended as well (this is the fundamental nature of participation). In such case (suspension of participant) the Polish Financial Supervision Authority may take a decision to transfer securities from accounts managed by this participant to another participant (who gave its consent to this action), where they are immediately accessible to the clients. The same situation may arise in the event of cancellation of participation.
AGC: 44d. By the intervening authorities controlling insolvency or other proceedings?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 44e. If yes, please describe briefly under what conditions access would be granted to the intervening authorities:

AGC: 44h If yes, please describe briefly under what conditions access would be granted to the participant's creditors:
AGC: 44g, 44i By the participant's creditors?

○ Yes

No

O Not applicable

AGC: 44j. By the CSD's creditors?

○ Yes

No

O Not applicable

AGC: 44k.

If yes, please describe briefly under what conditions access would be granted to the CSD's creditors:

AGC: 45 In what form does the CSD maintain records identifying the assets of each participant?
Computer tape
Computer file
Hard copy
Microfiche
OTHER:
AGC: 45b
In which format is the source data maintained?
Internal IBM System i format.

AGC: 46 Rule 17f-7 requires that an Eligible Securities Depository provides periodic reports to its participants with respect to its safekeeping of assets, including notices of transfers to or from any participant's account. Does the CSD make available periodic safekeeping reports to participants, including notices of transfers to or from the participant's account?
Yes
Νο
AGC: 46a. If no or other, please explain
AGC: 46b, 46c. If yes, please indicate the scheduled frenquency:
Annually
Quarterly
Monthly
Weekly
✓ Daily
✓ Upon request
OTHER:
AGC: 47, 47a What is your document and record retention policy for documents and records described above in this section?
O 6 months or less
◯ 1 year
O 3 years
◯ 5 years
○ 7 years
Other: 10 years

AGC: 48 The Committee on Payment and Settlement Systems of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) has identified three common structural approaches or models for linking delivery and payment in a securities settlement system. Please indicate which model your procedures most closely resemble.
Not applicable
Model3
Model2
Model1
OTHER:
AGC: 48a Please briefly describe your settlement process, including how do your settlement procedures vary from the model chosen above? Model 1 (gross settlement of both securities and cash) is applicable to the settlement of transactions in
RTGS. Model 2 (gross settlement of both securities and cash) is applicable to the settlement of transactions in RTGS. Model 2 (gross settlement of securities with net settlement of cash via central bank) is applicable to the settlement in the batch system. Model 3 (net settlement of both securities and cash) is implemented in the process of clearing in KDPW_CCP. The securities netting process is performed following novation in KDPW_CCP. At the end of the trade day (T), settlement instructions are sent to KDPW for T+2 settlement. Securities netting is an optional service. There are two options of securities netting functionality, full netting or directional netting (for each clearing account the securities settlement method may be chosen separately). The full netting method means there is one net settlement instruction for each clearing position, in directional netting two net settlement instructions are generated, respectively, for the buy and the sell clearing positions.
AGC: 49 Are the cash and security movements simultaneous?
Yes
O No
O Not applicable

AGC: 49a If cash and security movements are not simultaneous, please indicate the duration of the timing gap
O 1 hour
O 2 hours
O 3 hours
O 4 hours
O 5 hours
Overnight
○ 2 days
AGC: 50, 50a How are CSD eligible securities held by the CSD?
In dematerialized form
In certificated form
OTHER:
AGC: 51 If CSD eligible securities are certificated, can CSD eligible securities be held outside of the CSD?
O All eligible securities must be held in the CSD
O Securities may move freely into and out of the CSD
Once entered into the CSD, eligible securities must remain in the CSD
O Certain designated securities may be held outside the CSD
Not applicable
AGC: 51a If certain designated securities are held outside the CSD, please indicate under which conditions these

securities would be held outside the CSD:

AGC: 51b

If CSD eligible securities are required to be centrally immobilized at the CSD, where and with whom are the certificates safekept? (then please answer 51c)

AGC: 51c Are these certificates:
Bearer
Registered
OTHER:
AGC: 51d If registered, how are the CSD eligible securities registered?
In the name of the CSD
In the name of the depositing participant or its nominee
In the name of a separate nominee of the CSD
OTHER:
AGC: 51f If in the name of a separate nominee, please identify by name the nominee used:
AGC: 51h If CSD eligible securities may be held either in or out of the CSD, are these certificates:
O Bearer
O Registered
AGC: 51i What are the control features for receipt of certificates to the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, re- registration)? Please describe:
AGC: 52 If securities are dematerialized: May dematerialized security positions be re-certificated and held outside the CSD?
O Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: Dematerialized security positions may not be re-certificated, but they may be moved to
another CSD and some shares which are not publicly traded may be held in registers maintained by investment companies.

AGC: 52a, 52k Are the securities held:
Through book-entry at the CSD
Through book-entry at a registrar or issuer
OTHER:
AGC: 52b Please identify which types of entities may act as registrars:
Separate companies that perform registrar functions
CSD
OTHER:
AGC: 52d If the securities held by the CSD are recorded by book entry at the registrar, are the securities registered only to the CSD, with the CSD providing the function of recording ownership on a centralized basis for the market?
 Yes No
AGC: 52e If yes, how are securities held at the registrar for the account of the CSD?
O In the name of the CSD
O In the name of a separate nominee of the CSD
AGC: 52f Please describe:
AGC: 52g
If the securities held with the CSD are recorded by book-entry at the registrar but are not registered exclusively to the CSD, may they be registered to:
O The beneficial owner
O A nominee

AGC: 52h Please describe:

AGC: 52i

If the securities held with the CSD are recorded by book-entry at the registrar, what are the control features at the registrar for transfer of registrar positions to and from the CSD (e.g., authentication procedures, reconciliation, confirmation of position at registrar)? Please describe:

Not applicable.
AGC: 53 Does the CSD maintain records that identify the assets of each participant and segregate the system's own assets from the assets of participants?
No
Yes
Not applicable
OTHER:
AGC: 53a If answer to question 'G23Q031' is other or not applicable, please explain
AGC: 54 Does the law protect participant assets from claims and liabilities of the CSD?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 55 Can the CSD assess a lien on participant accounts? (A lien would entitle the CSD to take and hold or sell the securities of the participant in payment of a debt.)
Yes

O No

O Not applicable

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AGC: 55a If yes, for what reasons are liens or similar claims imposed?
To secure payment for purchased securities
Collateralization of overdrafts
Fees and expenses
✓ OTHER: see 293
AGC: 55b Please describe:
The securities on the participant's proprietary account, which are marked as available for collateral purposes, may be used to further collateralize an automatic securities loan taken out by the participant if that participant (acting as a borrower) fails to provide sufficient collateral for the loan in the first place.
AGC: 55c Please indicate the limits of this lien as indicated below:
The lien is limited to securities in the participant's proprietary account
\bigcirc The lien is limited to securities in the course of purchase and sale transactio
O The lien may extend to settled client positions
AGC: 55d Please explain:
AGC: 55e
If a lien is placed on a participant's account which has been designated for its clients, will the CSD select certain securities to be subject to the lien?
O Yes
○ No
AGC: 55f If yes, please indicate whether:
O The lien is placed on the most liquid securities in the account
O The lien is placed on the securities with the greatest value in the account
AGC: 55g Please explain:

AGC: 55h If no, please indicate whether the entire account will be subject to the lien.
O Yes
O No
AGC: 55j For accounts designated as client accounts, do procedures exist to restrict the placement of liens only to obligations arising from safe custody and administration of those accounts?
O Yes
O No
AGC: 55k If yes, are the restrictions accomplished by:
O Contract between the CSD and the participant
AGC: 551 Please explain:
AGC: 56, 56e Transfer of Legal Ownership. Does the CSD have legal authority to transfer title to securities?
Yes
O No
O Not applicable
AGC: 56a When does title or entitlement to CSD securities pass between participants?
\bigcirc At the end of the business day on which the transfer occurs
O When corresponding money or other consideration is transferred
O When the transaction is processed on an intra-day basis
Other: See p. 305.

AGC: 56b

Please describe:

The title to depository securities passes in the moment of booking these securities on securities accounts (i.e. end-investor accounts) kept by KDPW participants. Entries in these accounts arising from transactions shall be made on the basis of documents proving settlement of these transactions in KDPW.

AGC: 56c

Where does title or entitlement to CSD securities pass between participants?

On the CSD books

On the registrars books

AGC: 56d Please describe:

AGC: 57, 57a

How are eligible securities lodged in the CSD system?

A registered certificate in the name of the CSD is delivered to the CSD.

A participant delivers the security with a valid transfer deed or stock power or other transfer document to the CSD which then effects registration.

A registrar re-registers the security in the name of the CSD.

Not applicable

✓ OTHER: Securities are lodged into the depository system on the basis of a securities registration agreement concluded with KDPW by the issuer (for public securities) or the issue agent (for debt securities). The issuer authorises a direct participant of KDPW (registration agent for public securities, issue agent for debt securities) to act in its name in the registration process. The global amount of securities of a given ISIN is registered in KDPW on a registration account called an "issue account" and on participants' accounts managed by KDPW. On the basis of records made by KDPW, participants register securities on securities accounts and omnibus accounts in their own securities registration systems.

AGC: 58, 58a

When are securities lodged into the CSD reflected in a participant's CSD account?

Securities are re-registered prior to being reflected in the participant CSD account.

Not applicable

Securities are reflected in the participant's CSD account immediately upon delivery to the CSD.

OTHER: For non-public securities the registration is performed not earlier than the next day after delivery of the registration application to KDPW.

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AGC: 59a Please specify

AGC: 59, 59b

How long does it usually take to lodge securities with the CSD?

1 to 2 days

3 days to 1 week

- 2 to 4 weeks
- O More than 4 weeks
- O Not applicable

AGC: 60

During the process of lodging securities into the CSD, can the securities be traded?

O Yes

🔵 No

Not applicable

AGC: 60a During the process of lodging securities into the CSD, can the securities be settled?

O Yes

No

Not applicable

AGC: 60b

(

During the process of lodging securities into the CSD, can the securities have ownership transferred?

O Yes

No

Not applicable

AGC: 60c

(

If they cannot be traded, or if you answered other, please explain

AGC: 60d

If they cannot be settled, or if you answered other, please explain

Settlement is possible only after the securities are registered on the investors' securities accounts.

AGC: 60e

If ownership cannot be transferred, or if you answered other, please explain

Transfer is possible only after the securities are registered on the participants' and investors' securities accounts.

AGC: 61a

If no: Securities are unavailable for

1 to 2 days

3 days to 1 week

2 to 4 weeks

More than 4 weeks

Not applicable

AGC: 61b If more than 4 weeks, please specify

AGC: 61c If not applicable, please explain

AGC: 61, 61d Are securities immediately available for delivery upon transfer to the CSD?

Yes

) No

O Not applicable

AGC: 62

Please describe briefly the arrangements / procedures / facilities you maintain to ensure that eligible securities held at the CSD are handled at least as efficiently as compared to securities held outside the CSD, particularly in relation to income, corporate actions and proxy services.

The efficiency of handling securities by KDPW comes from standarisation of procedures and systems of registration, safekeeping and corporate actions processing, including central distribution of information on corporate actions and registration on securities accounts, managed in accordance with stringent standards of the central depository system.

AGC: 63, 63a What transfer process steps are involved when eligible securities are withdrawn from the CSD for safekeeping?
• Securities are represented into the name of the heneficial owner or a naminae
 Securities are re-registered into the name of the beneficial owner or a nominee.
 Securities are re-certificated and re-registered into the name of the beneficia
O Securities are re-certificated and delivered as bearer instruments.
O Securities are transferred as is any physical delivery in the market.
O Not applicable
Other: Withdrawal of securities from safekeeping takes place upon the issuer's request.
AGC: 64a If more than 4 weeks, please specify
AGC: 64, 64b How long does it usually take to remove securities from the CSD?
O 1 to 2 days
3 days to 1 week
O 2 to 4 weeks
O More than 4 weeks
O Not applicable
AGC: 65a While the securities are being removed from the CSD, can they be traded? (Choose one)
No
O Not applicable
○ Yes
AGC: 65b If they cannot be traded please explain

AGC: 65c While the securities are being removed from the CSD, can they be settled? (Choose one)
No
 Not applicable Yes
AGC: 65d If they cannot be settled, please explain
AGC: 65e While the securities are being removed from the CSD, can they have ownership transferred? (Choose one)
 Not applicable Yes
AGC: 65f If ownership cannot be transferred, please explain
AGC: 66, 66a, 66d Does the CSD accept liability (independent of any insurance coverage) for the following: Reconciliation
errors with the registrar and/or the issuer that result in direct damages or losses to participants?
○ No
O Not applicable
Yes
AGC: 66b 66c If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
 Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses

AGC: 66e, 66g, 66h Theft of securities (either physical certificate or electronically from accounts at the CSD) from the CSD that results in direct damages or losses to participants?
O No
Yes
O Not applicable
AGC: 66f If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:
AGC: 66i, 66i. Failure of the CSD's systems that result in direct damages or losses to participants because they cannot use either securities or funds?
O No
Yes
O Not applicable
AGC: 66j, 66k If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
OTHER:

AGC: 66m, 66p. Any direct damages or losses to participants caused by the CSD due to its errors, omissions or fraud?
Ves
No
Not applicable
OTHER:
AGC: 66n. If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:
AGC: 66q. Does the CSD accept liability (independent of any insurance coverage) for the following: Any direct damages or losses to participants caused by the CSD in its capacity as a central counterparty?
○ Yes
O No
Not applicable
AGC: 66r. If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
OTHER:

AGC: 66u. Does the CSD guaranty settlement?
O No
○ Yes
O Not applicable
Other: There is no settlement guarantee provided by the CSD. Clearing guarantee is accomplished
by KDPW_CCP (wholly owned by KDPW, EMIR compliant), which clears transactions executed in cash and derivatives, on- and off-exchange markets.
AGC: 66v. Please explain how this is accomplished. What are the procedures and safeguards that permit the CSD to guaranty settlement?
AGC: 66x. Any direct damages or losses to participants caused by the CSD as a result of force majeure events, acts of God, or political events, etc.?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 66y. If yes, please check all of the following that apply:
The CSD assumes liability for indirect or consequential losses
The CSD assumes liability for direct losses
Financial limits are imposed on the amount of liability assumed by the CSD
OTHER:
AGC: 66+ In all cases where the CSD assumes responsibility for direct or indirect or consequential losses, is the CSD's liability limited by a standard of care determination?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable

AGC: 66*

Please define the standard of care applied:

A greater degree of effort is expected from KDPW, measured by recognising the professional nature of the depository functions carried out by KDPW.

AGC: 67a, 67b.

Do the CSD's written contracts, rules, or established practices and procedures provide protection against risk of loss of participant assets by the CSD in the form of indemnification?

Not applicable

Yes

🗸 No

OTHER:

AGC: 67b.

Please explain (then please answer 67c):

AGC: 67c.

Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found

not applicable

AGC: 67d. Insurance
Yes
No
Not applicable
OTHER:

AGC: 67e.

Please explain (then please answer 67f):

KDPW holds an insurance agreement to cover specific fraud relating to KDPW-owned financial instruments, financial instruments registered on KDPW accounts and KDPW managed accounts, or where KDPW holds powers of attorney. The policy further covers risks involving malfunctions of IT systems, computer crime and professional liability of financial institutions (interest or damages for failure to perform its functions, or for negligent performance).

AGC: 67f.

Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found

KDPW Rules, Art. 13 KDPW Rules 10 02 2022.pdf

AGC: 67g. Acknowledgement of liability for losses caused by CSD's own actions.
Yes
O No
O Not applicable
AGC: 67h. Please explain (then please answer 67i):
see 375
AGC: 67i. Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found.
KDPW Rules Art. 13 http://www.kdpw.pl/en/rules/Documents/2022/KDPW_Rules_10_02_2022.pdf
AGC: 67j. Other
Yes
O No

AGC: 67k.

Please explain (then please answer 67I:

KDPW has a dedicated Corporate Security Department, which prepares policy, methodologies, procedures and tools to manage any kind of operational and legal risks, inter alia, resulting in a loss of assets registered in the KDPW depository system. However, rights to securities arise as a result of entries on securities accounts, which are in effect carried out by the participants themselves. The aggregated amounts of assets kept on securities accounts with participants are equal to the balances on depository accounts in KDPW. The reconciliation process at the end of each day allows to identify any discrepancies between KDPW's depositary accounts and participants' aggregated accounts and take any action to resolve them. Moreover, operational risk management and monitoring systems have strict procedures to deal with any kind of incidents that can occur in the KDPW processes and address ways how to cope with them. In case of direct material loss of a participant due to KDPW's own fault, the insurance policy might be activated to cover the loss. In addition, the assets of investors kept on securities accounts with participants are safeguarded using a compensation scheme, which is administered by KDPW and used to pay compensation to clients in the event of the bankruptcy of a participant or fraudulent dealings by participants.

AGC: 67I.

Please provide details of the relevant sections of the contracts, rules or practices where this information is found.

Compensation Scheme Regulation, art. 132-146 of the Trading in Financial Instruments Act, Rules of Operation of the Compensation Scheme in KDPW <u>RulesCompensationScheme01_07_2022.pdf</u> (kdpw.pl).

AGC: 68 Is the CSD immune from legal action in its own jurisdiction?
 No Other: According to Art. 6 p. 4 of the Bankruptcy and Restitution Law a legal entity which has been established on the basis of provisions of an Act of Parliament cannot be declared bankrupt. KDPW is currently such a legal entity.
AGC: 69 Security Control. How do participants receive information (view actual settlement of trades, movement of securities on their accounts, etc.) and see the status of their accounts?
Not applicable
By receipt of physical account holding statements
By direct electronic link
OTHER:
AGC: 69a. Please explain:
AGC: 70 Do participants have access to affect their holdings, including confirming and affirming trades, movement of securities on their accounts, etc.?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 70a. How is access given to participants?
By direct electronic link
OTHER:

AGC: 70b. Please select type of electronic link:
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
Dial-up modem
Internet
Fax
AGC: 70c. Please explain:
Participants can use the message communication system: ESDI/WEB (Electronic System of the Information Distribution) or ESDK (Electronic System of the Messages Distribution) or SWIFT.
AGC: 71 71a. Regarding data security: Are passwords used by participants to access their accounts?
 Yes No Not applicable
• Other: Participants have access to the Electronic System for Distribution of Information (ESDI/WEB) or the Electronic System for Message Distribution (ESDK). Data security is based mainly on individual cryptographic keys. ESDI/WEB: when a participant enters directly (https://esdi.kdpw.pl), he has to select the appropriate certificate. ESDK as a system to system communication solution doesn't provide any user interface. Security such as authentication and data encryption is based on specific MQ digital certificate. Our online system available from the internet is accessible using login/password and is protected by advanced threat analysis system delivered by our service providers.
AGC: 71c. Does each user have a unique user ID?
 Yes No
O Not applicable

AGC: 71e. Are passwords regularly changed?
○ Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: Individual cryptographic keys are changed every 2 years.
AGC: 71f. How often?
AGC: 71h.
Is there a user lock-out after a pre-set number of unsuccessful User ID attempts?
○ Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
Other: Systems using certificate do not lockout. Our online system available on the internet uses
sophisticated strategy to lock accounts. The accounts are locked based on the IP of the request and the passwords entered. The duration of the lockout also increases based on the likelihood that it is an attack.
AGC: 71i. How many?
AGC: 72
Does the CSD communicate with other market entities such as stock exchanges, payment systems, clearing houses, etc., by secured linkages?
Yes
○ No
 Not applicable
AGC: 72a Please explain:
Secured linkages are provided to: Warsaw Stock Exchange, National Bank of Poland, Polish Financial Supervision Authority, BondSpot S.A.

AGC: 73 73a How does the CSD communicate with Stock Exchanges?
Dial-up modem
other
Paper
Fax
Not applicable
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
Internet
OTHER:
AGC: 73b How does the CSD communicate with Payment Systems?
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
Internet
Fax
Paper
other
Not applicable
OTHER: The central bank payment system - SWIFT, the commercial bank system (for currencies other than PLN and EUR) - internet.

AGC: 73c How does the CSD communicate with Clearing Houses?
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
Internet
Fax
Paper
other
Not applicable
OTHER: The KDPW_CCP system is operated by KDPW.
AGC: 73d How does the CSD communicate with Registrars?
Dial-up modem
Secured, leased, dedicated telephone line
Internet
Fax
Paper
other
Vot applicable
OTHER:
AGC: 74 How is access to the physical building controlled?
✓ By guards
By alarm system
personal ID card
✓ By electronic keys
OTHER:
AGC: 74a. Please explain:

AGC: 75 What are the vault security procedures for the safekeeping of physical paper?
Fire alarms
Intrusion alarms
Vault counts
Visitor logs
Dual access control
Electronic keys or combinations
Not applicable, no vault is maintained
Guards
OTHER:
AGC: 75a. Please indicate frequency of vault counts:
AGC: 75b Please explain:
AGC: 76, 76d Participant Default Protections Resulting from a Participant Failure. If a participant defaults, how is the loss covered? (Choose all that apply?)
CSD insurance covers the loss
The CSD guaranty fund covers the loss
 The CSD guaranty fund covers the loss Loss is shared among participants
Loss is shared among participants

AGC: 76b Please explain the process of how the loss is shared:
O Equally, among participants
O Pro-rata based on participant's volume
\bigcirc Limited to participants with transactions with failing counterparty
AGC: 76d Please explain:
Loss-sharing is used in further stages of the KDPW_CCP's default waterfall procedures, when basic contributions to the settlement guarantee fund of KDPW_CCP's non-defaulting members are used, and further, when additional contributions of KDPW_CCP's non-defaulting members capped at the level of the 50% of original payments as per the latest calculation are demanded.
AGC: 77 During the past three years, has there been a situation where a participant defaulted which resulted in a significant loss?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 77a How was the situation resolved? Or if you answered "Other," then please explain:
AGC: 78 Does the CSD have a guaranty fund independent of stock exchange or other market guarantees?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 78a. If yes, please respond to the following questions: What is the size of the fund?

AGC: 78b. How is the size of the fund determined?
O By participant volume
O By asset value
O A fixed amount
AGC: 78d. How is the fund financed?
O Contributions from owner
O Contributions from participants
O Funding from retained earnings
AGC: 78e. If so, what is the amount or percentage per owner?
AGC: 78f. If so, what is the amount or percentage per participant?
AGC: 78h. Who is covered by the fund?
Direct CSD participants only
The beneficial owner also
OTHER:
AGC: 78j. When is the guaranty fund used?
When a broker defaults
When a direct participant defaults
OTHER:

AGC: 79 Does the CSD have forms of oversight management for assessing and monitoring of the following?
Collateral requirements for participants
Blocking of securities movement before receipt of payment
Other loss or default protections the CSD maintains
Settlement controls that minimize or eliminate the risk of default by a participant
Participant financial strength
Blocking payment until securities are moved
Not applicable
Debit caps for participants
Participant volumes
Participant eligibility requirements
OTHER:
AGC: 79a Please explain other loss or default protections:
AGC: 79a

Please explain other loss or default protections:

KDPW_CCP operates a clearing fund to protect from a clearing member default.

AGC: 79b Please explain the requirements:

AGC: 79c Please explain how these debit caps work:

AGC: 79d.

What type or types of settlement controls

Blocking or freezing of securities positions

Controlling DVP settlement

Simultaneous DVP

✓ OTHER: see 626, 627

AGC: 79e. Please explain:

AGC: 79f. Please explain:

AGC: 79g. Please explain:

Simultaneous DVP - settlement of securities is effected after the confirmation of cash settlement in the central bank.

AGC: 79h

Please identify and explain:

Additional settlement controls: (1) automated reconciliation process between KDPW and participants: securities transfers are reconciled with direct participants immediately upon receipt of settlement confirmation from KDPW, total issue balances are checked against holdings on participants accounts at KDPW on a daily basis. Any unreconciled item must be posted on a special account and it is reported to KDPW on a daily basis. Each participant is obliged to take necessary steps to resolve the issue immediately. (2) In case of differences between KDPW and participant's records, a written explanation is required. KDPW may perform inspections at participants' premises and can impose particular obligations or sanctions on its participants.

AGC: 79i

Please explain briefly how these work:

AGC: 80

Does the stock exchange have default protections that extend to the CSD, such as the following?

Margin requirements for stock exchange members

- Guaranty fund for stock exchange members
- Financial requirements for stock exchange membership
- 🗸 No
- Not applicable
- OTHER: see 424

AGC: 80a Please explain:

KDPW_CCP maintains a guarantee system for stock exchange and the alternative trading platforms transactions (excluding block trade transactions) and also for OTC derivatives market transactions.

AGC: 81 BUSINESS RECOVERY PLAN. This section is intended to identify key aspects of the CSD's Business Recovery Plan (BRP), including testing requirements and past results, expected recovery time periods, and the independent review and validation (if any) of the BRP. Do you have a formal business recovery plan?
 Yes No
AGC: 81b. Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: CSD participants/members
at least once a year; the last date of testing: 23.10.2021
AGC: 81c. Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Stock exchange
at least once a year; the last date of testing: 23.10.2021
AGC: 81d. Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Central bank
at least once a year; the last date of testing: 23.10.2021
AGC: 81e. Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Local brokers
at least once a year; the last date of testing: 23.10.2021
AGC: 81f. Please identify both the frequency and the last date of testing for the following third party: Any other third party
AGC: 81a, 81h. Does your Business Recovery Plan include:
Back-up of all computer files
Back-up files stored and locked
Off-site operations facility
✓ Off-site data storage
OTHER: On-line data replication

AGC: 82 How quickly can the main system be reactivated in the event of an outage?
1 - 4 hours
O 4 - 8 hours
O 8 - 24 hours
O Longer than 24 hours
O Not applicable
AGC: 83 If a back-up system exists, how quickly can the back-up system be activated in the event of the main system failing?
1 - 4 hours
○ 4 - 8 hours
O 8 - 24 hours
O Longer than 24 hours
O Not applicable
AGC: 84 Will the CSD publicly announce any system interruption?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable

AGC: 84a. To whom will the CSD disclose any system interruptions?
To all direct participants
✓ To the CSD regulators
To direct and indirect participants
To the public via the internet
In the press
OTHER:
AGC: 84b. If so, please list webpage address:
AGC: 84c. If so, please list all publications:
AGC: 84d. Please explain:
AGC: 84e. How will the CSD disclose any system interruptions?
Public announcement
By e-mail
By telephone
Press release
OTHER: Electronic System for Distribution of Information (ESDI/WEB)
AGC: 84f. Please explain:
Electronic System for Distribution of Information (ESDI/WEB)

AGC: 85 In the past three years, has it been necessary to activate the recovery plan in a live situation?
O Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 85a. If yes, how much time was needed to implement the recovery plan?
O Less than 1 hour
O 1 - 2 hours
O 2 - 4 hours
O Longer than 4 hours
AGC: 85b. How much time was needed to recover and restore business to normal operations?
O 1 - 4 hours
O 4 - 8 hours
O 8 - 24 hours
O Longer than 24 hours

AGC: 85c, 85d. What was the impact to the market?
As a result of the system failure, all fines and penalties for late settlements were waived
All cash settlements took place more than one business day late
All securities settlements took place more than one business day late
All cash settlements took place one business day late with value one day late
All securities settlements took place one business day late with value one day late
All cash settlements took place one business day late with good value
All securities settlements took place one business day late with good value
Even though there was a system failure, all fines and penalties for late settlements were still assessed
All cash settlements took place as scheduled on the same day with good value
All securities settlements took place as scheduled on the same day with good value
OTHER:
AGC: 86 Has there been any material loss by the CSD during the past three years?
O Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 86a. If there has been a loss, please describe the cause, the final impact and the action taken to prevent a recurrence:
AGC: 87 Has the CSD been subject to any litigation involving a participant during the past three years?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 87a.

Please explain the circumstances and resolution:

AGC: 88, 88a Has the CSD realized revenues sufficient to cover expenses during the past three years?
• Yes for all three years
\bigcirc Yes for two of the last three years
○ Yes for one of the last three years
O None of the last three years
O Not applicable
AGC: 89, 89b Does the CSD maintain a reserve for operating losses?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 89a. Please describe and indicate reserve (for operating losses) amount:
AGC: 90 Has the regulatory body with oversight responsibility for the CSD issued public notice that the CSD is not in current compliance with any capital, solvency, insurance or similar financial strength requirements imposed by such regulatory body?
O Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 90a. Please describe:

AGC: 90b. In the case of such a notice having been issued, has such notice been withdrawn, or, has the remedy of such noncompliance been publicly announced by the CSD?
⊖ Yes
O No
AGC: 90c. If yes, please describe:
AGC: 90d. If no, why not?
AGC: 91 Does the CSD have insurance to cover losses in the event of Default on settlement commitments by the CSD or a participant?
○ Yes
No
O Not applicable
AGC: 91a What is the amount of the coverage?
AGC: 91b What is the amount of the deductible?
AGC: 92 Does the CSD have Fidelity insurance (that is, insurance to cover loss of securities or money resulting, for example, from acts such as forgery, theft, fraud and/or employee dishonesty)?
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
AGC: 92a. What is the amount of the coverage?
100 mn PLN (20,2 mn USD – USD/PLN 4,95 at the end of September 2022)

AGC: 92b.

What is the amount of the deductible?

1 000 000 PLN (202 020 USD - USD/PLN 4,95 at the end of September 2022)

AGC: 93

Does the CSD have insurance for Operational Errors?

Yes

O No

O Not applicable

AGC: 93a.

What is the amount of the coverage?

100 mn PLN (20,2 mn USD - USD/PLN 4,95 at the end of September 2022)

AGC: 93b. What is the amount of the deductible?

1 000 000 PLN (202 020 USD - USD/PLN 4,95 at the end of September 2022)

AGC: 94

Does the CSD have Errors and Omissions insurance?

Yes Yes

🔵 No

(

) Not applicable

AGC: 94a. What is the amount of the coverage?

100 mn PLN (20,2 mn USD – USD/PLN 4,95 at the end of September 2022)

AGC: 94b. What is the amount of the deductible?

1 000 000 PLN (202 020 USD - USD/PLN 4,95 at the end of September 2022)

orld Forum of CSDs	AGC answer
AGC: 95 Does the CSD have insurance for the Premises?	
○ Yes	
○ No	
O Not applicable	
Other: KDPW has insurance for the disaster recovery site. As regards the one of the co-owners of the building, has its share equal to 21,138760% in the building.	-
AGC: 95a. What is the amount of the coverage?	
AGC: 95b. What is the amount of the deductible?	
AGC: 96a. If so, what is it for?	
There is insurance for fire and other events, such as break-ins and theft, rob risks relating to fittings and portable equipment (laptop computers, mobile pl transit in Polish territory, civil liability as a result of managing offices, car insu	hones), property insurance in
AGC: 96b. What is the amount of the coverage?	
Full property insurance - reproduction value.	
AGC: 96c. What is the amount of the deductible?	
AGC: 96, 96d Does the CSD have any other insurance?	
Yes	
○ No	
O Not applicable	

Colonnade Insurance SA - operational risk insurance, PZU S.A. - property insurance agreements, Allianz - car insurance.

AGC: 97a.

Who is the insurance carrier's parent company, if applicable? (If inapplicable, simply type n/a.)

Colonnade Insurance SA - member of Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited

AGC: 97b.

What is the term of the policy?

1 year

AGC: 97c, 97d Who does the insurance cover?

CSD

Direct CSD participants

Final investors

Not applicable

OTHER: KDPW_CCP (KDPW's subsidiary)

AGC: 98

If you feel that you would like to provide additional details on any of the given answers, feel free to provide any additional comments here (maximum of 5,000 characters) or prepare an additional document identifying the question(s) you are commenting on and upload the document under 98a:

AGC: 98a.

filecount - Upload document here:

0

AGC: 99

The WFC, the AGC, CPMI and IOSCO encourage respondents to make their disclosure reports publicly available. Do you agree to make your response publicly available?

• Yes, my full response will be publicly available. I agree that my response can be published on the

website of the WFC and on the website of the regional CSD association(s) which my CSD is a member of.

Yes, my response will be public, but only for my answers to AGC questions.

 ${\cal O}$ Yes, my response will be public, but only for my answers to PFMI questions.

 \bigcirc No, I do not wish my response to be publicly available.

AGC: 99a How will you be making your answers publicly available?
Upon request
Vebsite
OTHER:
AGC: 99b This disclosure can also be found at the following web address(es):
http://www.kdpw.pl/en/kdpw/publications/Pages/Questionnaires.aspx
AGC: 99c First and Last Name of the contact person:
Anna Zielińska
AGC: 99d How do you prefer to be contacted?
mail/air courier
Fax
Telephone
✓ e-mail
AGC: 99e Telephone number (please include the international country code):
+48 22 5379582
AGC: 99f Fax number
+48 22 6273111
AGC: 99g What is the preferred street address for mailing requests?

ul. Książęca 4

00-498 Warsaw

AGC: 99h Email address of the contact person:

anna.zielinska@kdpw.pl

AGC: 100 AGC members from time to time receive requests from their direct investor-clients for an informational copy of a CSD's completed questionnaire. Such requests typically lead to interactions between personnel at the CSD in question and member personnel or client personnel, or both. Those interactions take time and impose costs on both members and depositories. Do you approve of AGC members delivering a copy of your completed questionnaire to the member's direct client in response to the client's request?
 Yes No
AGC: 101 Does your organization have a documented cyber security policy in place?
 Yes No Cyber security policy is an integral part of the information security policy which is based on ISO 27001 standard.
AGC: 102 Please confirm that your staff receive relevant training about this policy.
 Yes No
AGC: 103 Please provide an overview of your policy for continuity of business in the event of a large data breach or cyber attack against your organization.
The policy for continuity of business has been prepared in the event of major failures of IT systems which in particular may include large data breaches or serious cyber attacks. The measures to ensure the recovery of business processes in such scenarios are all operational resources of BCP system, i.e. backup systems and backup copies of data, dedicated emergency response and disaster recovery teams, and all recovery procedures (notification of counterparties, activation of backup systems, etc.).
AGC: 104 In the last 12 months have there been any changes to the policy?
YesNo

AGC: 105 Please advise how often you review the policy.
Annually
O Semi-annually
O Other
AGC: 106 filecount - Please provide (as an attachment) a diagram showing where your cyber security function resides and who it reports to.
Cyber security .docx (12KB)
1
AGC: 107 How does your organization identify which business functions carry a cyber risk
Cyber risks are one of the key elements of the operational risk assessment and management framework.
AGC: 108 Do you conduct ongoing testing and monitoring processes to ensure that all internal and external connectivity and system configurations are not at risk of cybersecurity breaches?
Yes
○ No
AGC: 109
What technological controls and protections are in place for your systems and networks?
Proper network configuration and segmentation, firewalls, IDS/IPS, anti-malware systems, web proxy, e-mail proxy, solutions for change tracking and reporting, etc.
AGC: 110 Does your organization use multi-factor authentication
• Yes
○ No

AGC: 111 Where your organization has outsourced activities or functions to a third-party provider, is your cyber risk exposure documented?
 Yes No
AGC: 112 What measures does your organization have to ensure early detection of a cyber attack?
Current monitoring and response mechanism in case of incidents, penetration tests and vulnerability scans performed regularly, information sharing arrangements with other entities and cooperation with computer security incident response teams.
AGC: 113 What is the agreed resumption time for critical operations following a cyber attack?
According to the law, the recovery-time objective for each critical operation shall not be longer than two hours.
AGC: 114 How would you advise clients of a successful cyber attack against your organization?
The procedure for notifying counterparties is an integral part of the BCP system.
AGC: 115 In the last 12 months has your organization been subject to a cyber attack that impacted the service you provide to us? If yes, please provide details.
 Yes No
AGC: 116 Are the following elements of your cybersecurity framework tested pre and post deployment of changes?
Vulnerability assessment
Scenario based penetration tests
Testing of incident response process and technical/business/operations (e.g. table-top exercise)
OTHER:

AGC: 117 For cloud technology and associated cyber security risks, do you you have procedures and controls in place to protect our information from mishandling or theft?
In the comments section could you please explain how these procedures and controls tie back to your record retention policy?
Yes
The procedures and controls to protect information from mishandling or theft are included in the general information security policy.
AGC: 118 Does your organization conduct dark web searches for signs of a breach (internet protocol or customer/client personally identified information for sale)?
 Yes No
AGC: 119 Is your organization aware of SWIFT's Customer Security Program (CSP)?
Yes
O No
AGC: 120 Does your organization ensure compliance with SWIFT's CSP controls?
Yes
O No
AGC: 121 Does your organization respond to requests for your institution's attestations?
Yes
Νο

